Z-1115.2				

HOUSE BILL 2301

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2002 Regular Session By Representatives Lantz, Esser, Anderson, Benson, Upthegrove and Kagi Read first time 01/14/2002. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to authorizing electronic notice and other 2 communications under the Washington business corporation act; and 3 amending RCW 23B.01.200, 23B.01.220, 23B.01.230, 23B.01.240, 23B.01.250, 23B.01.260, 23B.01.270, 23B.01.400, 23B.01.410, 23B.02.020, 4 5 23B.02.050, 23B.04.035, 23B.05.010, 23B.05.020, 23B.06.030, 23B.06.260, 23B.06.300, 23B.07.010, 23B.07.020, 23B.07.030, 23B.07.040, 23B.07.060, 6 7 23B.07.220, 23B.07.240, 23B.08.030, 23B.08.070, 23B.08.210, 23B.08.230, 23B.08.240, 23B.08.600, 23B.10.012, 23B.11.040, 23B.13.030, 23B.13.200, 8 23B.13.210, 23B.13.220, 23B.13.230, 23B.13.280, 23B.14.392, 23B.15.032, 10 23B.15.070, 23B.15.080, 23B.16.010, 23B.16.020, and 23B.16.200.
- 11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 12 **Sec. 1.** RCW 23B.01.200 and 1991 c 72 s 24 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- (1) A ((document)) record must satisfy the requirements of this section, and of any other section that adds to or varies from these requirements, to be entitled to filing by the secretary of state.
- 17 (2) The secretary of state may permit records to be filed through 18 electronic transmission. The secretary of state may adopt rules 19 varying from these requirements to facilitate electronic filing. These

p. 1 HB 2301

- 1 rules shall detail the circumstances under which the electronic filing
- 2 of records shall be permitted and how such records shall be filed.
- 3 These rules may also impose additional requirements related to
- 4 <u>implementation of electronic filing processes including but not limited</u>
- 5 to: File formats; signature technologies; the manner of delivery; and
- 6 the types of entities, records, or records permitted.
- 7 (3) This title must require or permit filing the ((document))
- 8 record in the office of the secretary of state.
- 9 (((3))) (4) The ((document)) record must contain the information 10 required by this title. It may contain other information as well.
- 11 $((\frac{4}{}))$ (5) The $(\frac{document}{})$ record must: (a) Be typewritten or
- 12 printed, and must meet such legibility or other standards as may be
- 13 prescribed by the secretary of state; or (b) meet the standards for
- 14 <u>electronic filing</u> as may be prescribed by the secretary of state.
- 15 (((5))) (6) The ((document)) record must be in the English
- 16 language. A corporate name need not be in English if written in
- 17 English letters or Arabic or Roman numerals, and the certificate of
- 18 existence required of foreign corporations need not be in English if
- 19 accompanied by a reasonably authenticated English translation.
- 20 $((\frac{6}{}))$ Unless otherwise indicated in this title, all
- 21 ((documents)) records submitted for filing must be executed:
- 22 (a) By the chairperson of the board of directors of a domestic or
- 23 foreign corporation, by its president, or by another of its officers;
- 24 (b) If directors have not been selected or the corporation has not
- 25 been formed, by an incorporator; or
- 26 (c) If the corporation is in the hands of a receiver, trustee, or
- 27 other court-appointed fiduciary, by that fiduciary.
- (((+7))) (8) The person executing the ((document)) record shall sign
- 29 it and state beneath or opposite the signature the name of the person
- 30 and the capacity in which the person signs. The ((document)) record
- 31 may but need not contain: (a) The corporate seal; (b) an attestation
- 32 by the secretary or an assistant secretary; or (c) an acknowledgment,
- 33 verification, or proof.
- (((8))) (9) If the secretary of state has prescribed a mandatory
- 35 form for the ((document)) <u>record</u> under RCW 23B.01.210, the ((document))
- 36 <u>record</u> must be in or on the prescribed form.
- 37 (((9))) The ((document)) record must be ((delivered to))
- 38 received by the office of the secretary of state for filing and must be
- 39 accompanied by one exact or conformed copy, the correct filing fee or

- 1 charge, including license fee, penalty and service fee, and any
- 2 attachments which are required for the filing.
- 3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 23B.01.220 and 1993 c 269 s 2 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- 5 (1) The secretary of state shall collect in accordance with the 6 provisions of this title:
- 7 (a) Fees for filing ((documents)) records and issuing certificates;
- 8 (b) Miscellaneous charges;
- 9 (c) License fees as provided in RCW 23B.01.500 through 23B.01.550;
- 10 (d) Penalty fees; and
- 11 (e) Other fees as the secretary of state may establish by rule 12 adopted under chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 13 (2) The secretary of state shall collect the following fees when
- 14 the ((documents)) records described in this subsection are delivered
- 15 for filing:
- One hundred seventy-five dollars, pursuant to RCW 23B.01.520 and
- 17 23B.01.540, for:
- 18 (a) Articles of incorporation; and
- 19 (b) Application for certificate of authority.
- 20 (3) The secretary of state shall establish by rule, fees for the
- 21 following:
- 22 (a) Application for reinstatement;
- 23 (b) Articles of correction;
- 24 (c) Amendment of articles of incorporation;
- 25 (d) Restatement of articles of incorporation, with or without
- 26 amendment;
- 27 (e) Articles of merger or share exchange;
- 28 (f) Articles of revocation of dissolution;
- 29 (g) Application for amended certificate of authority;
- 30 (h) Application for reservation, registration, or assignment of
- 31 reserved name;
- 32 (i) Corporation's statement of change of registered agent or
- 33 registered office, or both, except where this information is provided
- 34 in conjunction with and on an initial report or an annual report form
- 35 filed under RCW 23B.01.530, 23B.01.550, 23B.02.050, or 23B.16.220;
- 36 (j) Agent's resignation, or statement of change of registered
- 37 office, or both, for each affected corporation;
- 38 (k) Initial report; and

p. 3 HB 2301

- 1 (1) Any ((document)) record not listed in this subsection that is 2 required or permitted to be filed under this title.
- 3 (4) Fees shall be adjusted by rule only in an amount that does not 4 exceed the average biennial increase in the cost of providing service.
- 5 This shall be determined in a biennial cost study performed by the 6 secretary.
 - (5) The secretary of state shall not collect fees for:
- 8 (a) Agent's consent to act as agent;
- 9 (b) Agent's resignation, if appointed without consent;
- 10 (c) Articles of dissolution;

- 11 (d) Certificate of judicial dissolution;
- 12 (e) Application for certificate of withdrawal; and
- 13 (f) Annual report when filed concurrently with the payment of annual license fees.
- 15 (6) The secretary of state shall collect a fee in an amount 16 established by the secretary of state by rule per defendant served, 17 upon being served process under this title. The party to a proceeding 18 causing service of process is entitled to recover this fee as costs if 19 such party prevails in the proceeding.
- 20 (7) The secretary of state shall establish by rule and collect a 21 fee from every person or organization:
- (a) For furnishing a certified copy of any ((document)) record, instrument, or paper relating to a corporation;
- (b) For furnishing a certificate, under seal, attesting to the existence of a corporation, or any other certificate; and
- (c) For furnishing copies of any ((document)) record, instrument, or paper relating to a corporation, other than of an initial report or an annual report.
- (8) For annual license fees for domestic and foreign corporations, see RCW 23B.01.500, 23B.01.510, 23B.01.530, and 23B.01.550. For penalties for nonpayment of annual license fees and failure to complete annual report, see RCW 23B.01.570.
- 33 **Sec. 3.** RCW 23B.01.230 and 1989 c 165 s 6 are each amended to read 34 as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section and RCW 23B.01.240(3), a ((document)) record accepted for filing is effective on the date it is filed by the secretary of state and at the time on that date specified in the ((document)) record. If no time is

- specified in the ((document)) record, the ((document)) record is effective at the close of business on the date it is filed by the secretary of state.
- 4 (2) If a ((document)) record specifies a delayed effective time and date, the ((document)) record becomes effective at the time and date specified. If a ((document)) record specifies a delayed effective date but no time is specified, the ((document)) record is effective at the close of business on that date. A delayed effective date for a ((document)) record may not be later than the ninetieth day after the date it is filed.
- (3) When a ((document)) record is received for filing by the secretary of state in a form which complies with the requirements of this title and which would entitle the ((document)) record to be filed on receipt, but the secretary of state's approval action occurs subsequent to the date of receipt, the secretary of state's filing date shall relate back to and be shown as the date on which the secretary of state first received the ((document)) record in acceptable form.
- 18 **Sec. 4.** RCW 23B.01.240 and 1989 c 165 s 7 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
- (1) A domestic or foreign corporation may correct a ((document))
 record filed by the secretary of state if the ((document)) record (a)
 contains an incorrect statement; or (b) was defectively executed,
 attested, sealed, verified, or acknowledged.
 - (2) A ((document)) <u>record</u> is corrected:

- (a) By preparing articles of correction that (i) describe the ((document)) record, including its filing date, or attach a copy of it to the articles of correction, (ii) specify the incorrect statement and the reason it is incorrect or the manner in which the execution was defective, and (iii) correct the incorrect statement or defective execution; and
- 31 (b) By delivering the articles of correction to the secretary of 32 state for filing.
- (3) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the ((document)) record they correct except as to persons relying on the uncorrected ((document)) record and adversely affected by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed.

p. 5 HB 2301

- 1 **Sec. 5.** RCW 23B.01.250 and 1989 c 165 s 8 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 (1) If a ((document)) record delivered to the office of the 4 secretary of state for filing satisfies the requirements of RCW 5 23B.01.200, the secretary of state shall file it.
- (2)(a) The secretary of state files a ((document)) record: (i) In 6 7 the case of a record in a tangible medium, by stamping or otherwise 8 endorsing "Filed," together with the secretary of state's name and 9 official title and the date of filing, on both the original and the 10 ((document)) record copy((. After filing a document)); and (ii) in the case of an electronically transmitted record, by the electronic 11 processes as may be prescribed by the secretary of state from time to 12 time that result in the information required by (a)(i) of this 13 14 subsection being permanently attached to or associated with such 15 electronically transmitted record.
- ((the document copy)) a record of the filing to the domestic or foreign corporation or its representative either: (i) In a written copy of the filing; or (ii) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the record may be electronically transmitted and the secretary of state elects to provide the record by electronic transmission, in an electronically transmitted record of the filing.
 - (3) If the secretary of state refuses to file a ((document)) record, the secretary of state shall return it to the domestic or foreign corporation or its representative, together with a brief ((written)) explanation of the reason for the refusal. The explanation shall be either: (a) In a written record or (b) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the consent may be electronically transmitted and the secretary of state elects to provide the explanation by electronic transmission, in an electronically transmitted record.
- 32 (4) The secretary of state's duty to file ((documents)) records
 33 under this section is ministerial. Filing or refusal to file a
 34 ((document)) record does not:
- 35 (a) Affect the validity or invalidity of the ((document)) <u>record</u> in 36 whole or part;
- 37 (b) Relate to the correctness or incorrectness of information 38 contained in the ((document)) record; or

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- 1 (c) Create a presumption that the ((document)) record is valid or 2 invalid or that information contained in the ((document)) record is 3 correct or incorrect.
- 4 **Sec. 6.** RCW 23B.01.260 and 1989 c 165 s 9 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- If the secretary of state refuses to file a ((document)) record delivered to the office for filing, the person submitting the ((document)) record, in addition to any other legal remedy which may be available, shall have the right to judicial review of such refusal pursuant to the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 11 **Sec. 7.** RCW 23B.01.270 and 1989 c 165 s 10 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- A certificate bearing the manual or facsimile signature of the secretary of state and the seal of the state, when attached to or located on a ((document)) record or a copy of a ((document)) record filed by the secretary of state, is conclusive evidence that the original ((document)) record is on file with the secretary of state.
- 18 **Sec. 8.** RCW 23B.01.400 and 2000 c 168 s 1 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
- 20 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 21 this section apply throughout this title.
- 22 (1) "Articles of incorporation" include amended and restated 23 articles of incorporation and articles of merger.
- 24 (2) "Authorized shares" means the shares of all classes a domestic 25 or foreign corporation is authorized to issue.
- (3) "Conspicuous" means so ((written)) prepared that a reasonable person against whom the ((writing)) record is to operate should have noticed it. For example, printing in italics or boldface or contrasting color, or typing in capitals or underlined, is conspicuous.
- 30 (4) "Corporation" or "domestic corporation" means a corporation for 31 profit, which is not a foreign corporation, incorporated under or 32 subject to the provisions of this title.
- (5) "Deliver" includes (a) mailing ((and)), (b) for purposes of delivering a demand, consent, notice, or waiver to the corporation or one of its officers, directors, or shareholders, transmission by facsimile equipment, and (c) for purposes of delivering a demand,

p. 7 HB 2301

- consent, notice, or waiver to the corporation or one of its officers, 1
- directors, or shareholders under RCW 23B.01.410 or chapter 23B.07, 2
- 23B.08, 23B.11, 23B.13, or 23B.14 RCW delivery by electronic 3 4 transmission.
- (6) "Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer of money or 5 other property, except its own shares, or incurrence of indebtedness by 6 7 a corporation to or for the benefit of its shareholders in respect to 8 any of its shares. A distribution may be in the form of a declaration 9 or payment of a dividend; a distribution in partial or complete liquidation, or upon voluntary or involuntary dissolution; a purchase,
- 10 redemption, or other acquisition of shares; a distribution of 11
- indebtedness; or otherwise. 12
- 13 (7) "Effective date of notice" has the meaning provided in RCW 14 23B.01.410.
- 15 (8) "Electronic transmission" ((or "electronically transmitted"))
- 16 means ((any process of)) an electronic communication (a) not directly
- 17 involving the physical transfer of ((paper)) a record in a tangible
- 18 medium and (b) that ((is suitable for the retention, retrieval, and
- 19 reproduction of the transmitted information by the recipient)) may be
- retained, retrieved, and reviewed by the sender and the recipient 20
- thereof, and that may be directly reproduced in a tangible medium by 21
- such a sender and recipient. 22
- (9) "Electronically transmitted" means the initiation of an 23 24 electronic transmission.
- 25 (10) "Employee" includes an officer but not a director. A director 26 may accept duties that make the director also an employee.
- 27 $((\frac{10}{10}))$ (11) "Entity" includes a corporation and foreign
- corporation, not-for-profit corporation, ((profit and not-for-profit 28
- 29 unincorporated association,)) business trust, estate, ((partnership,))
- 30 trust, ((and)) partnership, limited liability company, association,
- 31 joint venture, two or more persons having a joint or common economic
- States, and a interest, state, United 32 ((and)) the
- ((governmental)) governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or 33
- 34 any other legal or commercial entity.
- 35 (((11))) (12) "Execute," "executes," or "executed" means (a) signed
- with respect to a written record or (b) electronically transmitted 36
- 37 along with sufficient information to determine the sender's identity
- with respect to an electronic transmission, or (c) with respect to a 38
- 39 record to be filed with the secretary of state, in compliance with the

- 1 standards for filing with the office of the secretary of state as
 2 prescribed by the secretary of state.
- 3 <u>(13)</u> "Foreign corporation" means a corporation for profit 4 incorporated under a law other than the law of this state.
- (((12))) (14) "Foreign limited partnership" means a partnership formed under laws other than of this state and having as partners one or more general partners and one or more limited partners.
- 8 $((\frac{13}{13}))$ "Governmental subdivision" includes authority, 9 county, district, and municipality.
- 10 $((\frac{14}{14}))$ (16) "Includes" denotes a partial definition.
- 11 $((\frac{15}{15}))$ (17) "Individual" includes the estate of an incompetent or 12 deceased individual.
- (((16))) <u>(18)</u> "Limited partnership" or "domestic limited partnership" means a partnership formed by two or more persons under the laws of this state and having one or more general partners and one or more limited partners.
- 17 $((\frac{17}{17}))$ (19) "Means" denotes an exhaustive definition.
- 18 $((\frac{18}{18}))$ (20) "Notice" has the meaning provided in RCW 23B.01.410.
- 19 $((\frac{19}{19}))$ (21) "Person" includes an individual and an entity.
- $((\frac{(20)}{(20)}))$ (22) "Principal office" means the office, in or out of this state, so designated in the annual report where the principal executive offices of a domestic or foreign corporation are located.
- 23 $((\frac{(21)}{)})$ <u>(23)</u> "Proceeding" includes civil suit and criminal, 24 administrative, and investigatory action.
- (((22))) (24) "Public company" means a corporation that has a class of shares registered with the federal securities and exchange commission pursuant to section 12 or 15 of the securities exchange act of 1934, or section 8 of the investment company act of 1940, or any successor statute.
- 30 (((23))) <u>(25) "Record" means information inscribed on a tangible</u> 31 <u>medium or contained in an electronic transmission.</u>
- 32 (26) "Record date" means the date established under chapter 23B.07
 33 RCW on which a corporation determines the identity of its shareholders
 34 and their shareholdings for purposes of this title. The determinations
 35 shall be made as of the close of business on the record date unless
 36 another time for doing so is specified when the record date is fixed.
- (((24))) (27) "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom the board of directors has delegated responsibility under RCW 23B.08.400(3)
- 39 for custody of the minutes of the meetings of the board of directors

p. 9 HB 2301

- 1 and of the shareholders and for authenticating records of the 2 corporation.
- 3 $((\frac{25}{}))$ (28) "Shares" means the units into which the proprietary 4 interests in a corporation are divided.
- 5 (((26))) <u>(29)</u> "Shareholder" means the person in whose name shares 6 are registered in the records of a corporation or the beneficial owner 7 of shares to the extent of the rights granted by a nominee certificate 8 on file with a corporation.
- 9 (((27))) <u>(30)</u> "State," when referring to a part of the United 10 States, includes a state and commonwealth, and their agencies and 11 governmental subdivisions, and a territory and insular possession, and 12 their agencies and governmental subdivisions, of the United States.
- (((28))) (31) "Subscriber" means a person who subscribes for shares in a corporation, whether before or after incorporation.
- 15 ((29))) (32) "Tangible medium" means a writing, copy of a writing, 16 or facsimile, or a physical reproduction, each on paper or on other 17 tangible material.
- 18 <u>(33)</u> "United States" includes a district, authority, bureau, 19 commission, department, and any other agency of the United States.
- ((\(\frac{(30)}{30}\))) (34) "Voting group" means all shares of one or more classes or series that under the articles of incorporation or this title are entitled to vote and be counted together collectively on a matter at a meeting of shareholders. All shares entitled by the articles of incorporation or this title to vote generally on the matter are for that purpose a single voting group.
- 26 (35) "Writing" does not include an electronic transmission.
- 27 (36) "Written" means embodied in a tangible medium.
- 28 **Sec. 9.** RCW 23B.01.410 and 1991 c 72 s 29 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
- (1) Notice under this title must be ((in writing)) provided in the form of a record, except that oral notice of any meeting of the board of directors may be given if expressly authorized by the articles of incorporation or bylaws.
- 34 (2) ((Written notice may be transmitted by: Mail)) Permissible 35 means of transmission.
- 36 <u>(a) Oral notice. Oral notice may be communicated in person, by</u>
 37 <u>telephone, wire, or wireless equipment which does not transmit a</u>
 38 facsimile of the notice, or by any electronic means which does not

create a record. If these forms of oral notice are impracticable, oral notice may be communicated by radio, television, or other form of public broadcast communication.

- 4 (b) Notice provided in a tangible medium. Notice may be provided in a tangible medium and be transmitted by mail, private carrier, or 5 personal delivery; telegraph or teletype; or telephone, wire, or 6 7 wireless equipment which transmits a facsimile of the notice. If these 8 forms of ((written)) notice in a tangible medium are impracticable, 9 ((written)) notice in a tangible medium may be transmitted by an 10 advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where ((Oral notice may be communicated in person or by 11 telephone, wire or wireless equipment which does not transmit a 12 facsimile of the notice. If these forms of oral notice are 13 14 impracticable, oral notice may be communicated by radio, television, or 15 other form of public broadcast communication.
 - (3) Written notice by a domestic or foreign corporation to its shareholder, if in a comprehensible form, is effective when mailed, if mailed with first-class postage prepaid and correctly addressed to the shareholder's address shown in the corporation's current record of shareholders.

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- 21 (4) Written)) (c) Notice provided in an electronic transmission.
- 22 <u>(i) Notice may be provided in an electronic transmission and be</u> 23 electronically transmitted.
 - (ii) Notice to shareholders or directors in an electronic transmission is effective only with respect to shareholders and directors that have consented, in the form of a record, to receive electronically transmitted notices under this title and designated in the consent the address, location, or system to which these notices may be electronically transmitted and with respect to a notice that otherwise complies with any other requirements of this title and applicable federal law.
- 32 (A) Notice to shareholders or directors for this purpose includes 33 material that this title requires or permits to accompany the notice.
- 34 <u>(B) A shareholder or director who has consented to receipt of</u>
 35 <u>electronically transmitted notices may revoke this consent by</u>
 36 <u>delivering a revocation to the corporation in the form of a record.</u>
 - (C) The consent of any shareholder or director is revoked if (I) the corporation is unable to electronically transmit two consecutive notices given by the corporation in accordance with the consent, and

p. 11 HB 2301

- 1 (II) this inability becomes known to the secretary of the corporation,
- 2 the transfer agent, or any other person responsible for giving the
- 3 <u>notice</u>. The inadvertent failure by the corporation to treat this
- 4 <u>inability as a revocation does not invalidate any meeting or other</u>
- 5 <u>action</u>.
- 6 (iii) Notice to shareholders or directors who have consented to
- 7 receipt of electronically transmitted notices may be provided by (A)
- 8 posting the notice on an electronic network and (B) delivering to the
- 9 shareholder or director a separate record of the posting, together with
- 10 comprehensible instructions regarding how to obtain access to the
- 11 posting on the electronic network.
- 12 <u>(iv)</u> Notice to a domestic or foreign corporation, authorized to
- 13 transact business in this state, ((may be addressed to its registered
- 14 agent at its registered office or to the corporation or its secretary
- 15 at its principal office shown in its most recent annual report or, in
- 16 the case of a foreign corporation that has not yet delivered an annual
- 17 report, in its application for a certificate of authority.
- 18 (5) Written notice)) in an electronic transmission is effective
- 19 only with respect to a corporation that has designated in a record an
- 20 address, location, or system to which the notices may be electronically
- 21 <u>transmitted</u>.
- 22 <u>(3) Effective time and date of notice.</u>
- 23 (a) Oral notice. Oral notice is effective when received.
- 24 (b) Notice provided in a tangible medium.
- 25 <u>(i) Notice in a tangible medium</u>, if in a comprehensible form, is
- 26 effective at the earliest of the following:
- 27 $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (A) If expressly authorized by the articles of
- 28 incorporation or bylaws, and if notice is sent to the person's address,
- 29 telephone number, or other number appearing on the records of the
- 30 corporation, when dispatched by telegraph, teletype, or facsimile
- 31 equipment;
- $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (B) When received;
- 33 (((c))) (C) Except as provided in (b)(ii) of this subsection (((3))
- 34 of this section)), five days after its deposit in the United States
- 35 mail, as evidenced by the postmark, if mailed with first-class postage,
- 36 prepaid and correctly addressed; or
- $((\frac{d}{d}))$ On the date shown on the return receipt, if sent by
- 38 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and the receipt
- 39 is signed by or on behalf of the addressee.

- 1 ((6) Oral notice is effective when communicated if communicated in a comprehensible manner.
- (7)) (ii) Notice in a tangible medium by a domestic or foreign corporation to its shareholder, if in a comprehensible form and correctly addressed to the shareholder's address shown in the corporation's current record of shareholders, is effective:
 - (A) When mailed, if mailed with first class postage prepaid; and (B) When dispatched, if prepaid, by air courier.

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- 9 (iii) Notice in a tangible medium to a domestic or foreign 10 corporation, authorized to transact business in this state, may be 11 addressed to the corporation's registered agent at its registered 12 office or to the corporation or its secretary at its principal office 13 shown in its most recent annual report, or in the case of a foreign 14 corporation that has not yet delivered its annual report in its 15 application for a certificate of authority.
 - (c) Notice provided in an electronic transmission. Notice provided in an electronic transmission, if in comprehensible form, is effective when it: (i) Is electronically transmitted to an address, location, or system designated by the recipient for that purpose; or (ii) has been posted on an electronic network and a separate record of the posting has been delivered to the recipient together with comprehensible instructions regarding how to obtain access to the posting on the electronic network.
- 24 (4) If this title prescribes notice requirements for particular 25 circumstances, those requirements govern. If articles of incorporation 26 or bylaws prescribe notice requirements, not inconsistent with this 27 section or other provisions of this title, those requirements govern.
- 28 **Sec. 10.** RCW 23B.02.020 and 1997 c 19 s 1 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
- 30 (1) The articles of incorporation must set forth:
- 31 (a) A corporate name for the corporation that satisfies the 32 requirements of RCW 23B.04.010;
- 33 (b) The number of shares the corporation is authorized to issue in 34 accordance with RCW 23B.06.010 and 23B.06.020;
- 35 (c) The street address of the corporation's initial registered 36 office and the name of its initial registered agent at that office in 37 accordance with RCW 23B.05.010; and

p. 13 HB 2301

- 1 (d) The name and address of each incorporator in accordance with 2 RCW 23B.02.010.
- 3 (2) The articles of incorporation or bylaws must either specify the 4 number of directors or specify the process by which the number of 5 directors will be fixed, unless the articles of incorporation dispense 6 with a board of directors pursuant to RCW 23B.08.010.
- 7 (3) Unless its articles of incorporation provide otherwise, a 8 corporation is governed by the following provisions:
- 9 (a) The board of directors may adopt bylaws to be effective only in 10 an emergency as provided by RCW 23B.02.070;
- 11 (b) A corporation has the purpose of engaging in any lawful 12 business under RCW 23B.03.010;
- 13 (c) A corporation has perpetual existence and succession in its 14 corporate name under RCW 23B.03.020;
- 15 (d) A corporation has the same powers as an individual to do all 16 things necessary or convenient to carry out its business and affairs, 17 including itemized powers under RCW 23B.03.020;
- (e) All shares are of one class and one series, have unlimited voting rights, and are entitled to receive the net assets of the corporation upon dissolution under RCW 23B.06.010 and 23B.06.020;
- (f) If more than one class of shares is authorized, all shares of a class must have preferences, limitations, and relative rights identical to those of other shares of the same class under RCW 23 B.06.010;
- (g) If the board of directors is authorized to designate the number of shares in a series, the board may, after the issuance of shares in that series, reduce the number of authorized shares of that series under RCW 23B.06.020;
- 29 (h) The board of directors must authorize any issuance of shares 30 under RCW 23B.06.210;
- 31 (i) Shares may be issued pro rata and without consideration to 32 shareholders under RCW 23B.06.230;
- (j) Shares of one class or series may not be issued as a share dividend with respect to another class or series, unless there are no outstanding shares of the class or series to be issued, or a majority of votes entitled to be cast by such class or series approve as provided in RCW 23B.06.230;
- 38 (k) A corporation may issue rights, options, or warrants for the 39 purchase of shares of the corporation under RCW 23B.06.240;

- 1 (1) A shareholder has, and may waive, a preemptive right to acquire 2 the corporation's unissued shares as provided in RCW 23B.06.300;
- 3 (m) Shares of a corporation acquired by it may be reissued under 4 RCW 23B.06.310;
- 5 (n) The board may authorize and the corporation may make 6 distributions not prohibited by statute under RCW 23B.06.400;
- 7 (o) The preferential rights upon dissolution of certain 8 shareholders will be considered a liability for purposes of determining 9 the validity of a distribution under RCW 23B.06.400;
- (p) Action may be taken by shareholders by unanimous ((written))
 consent of all shareholders entitled to vote on the action, unless the
 approval of a lesser number of shareholders is permitted as provided in
 RCW 23B.07.040, which consent shall be in the form of a record;
- (q) Unless this title requires otherwise, the corporation is required to give notice only to shareholders entitled to vote at a meeting and the notice for an annual meeting need not include the purpose for which the meeting is called under RCW 23B.07.050;
- (r) A corporation that is a public company shall hold a special meeting of shareholders if the holders of at least ten percent of the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the meeting demand a meeting under RCW 23B.07.020;
- (s) Subject to statutory exceptions, each outstanding share, regardless of class, is entitled to one vote on each matter voted on at a shareholders' meeting under RCW 23B.07.210;
- 25 (t) A majority of the votes entitled to be cast on a matter by a 26 voting group constitutes a quorum, unless the title provides otherwise 27 under RCW 23B.07.250 and 23B.07.270;
- (u) Action on a matter, other than election of directors, by a voting group is approved if the votes cast within the voting group favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless this title requires a greater number of affirmative votes under RCW 23B.07.250;
- (v) All shares of one or more classes or series that are entitled to vote will be counted together collectively on any matter at a meeting of shareholders under RCW 23B.07.260;
- 36 (w) Directors are elected by cumulative voting under RCW 37 23B.07.280;
- 38 (x) Directors are elected by a plurality of votes cast by shares 39 entitled to vote under RCW 23B.07.280;

p. 15 HB 2301

- 1 (y) A corporation must have a board of directors under RCW 2 23B.08.010;
- 3 (z) All corporate powers must be exercised by or under the 4 authority of, and the business and affairs of the corporation managed 5 under the direction of, its board of directors under RCW 23B.08.010;
- 6 (aa) The shareholders may remove one or more directors with or 7 without cause under RCW 23B.08.080;
- 8 (bb) A vacancy on the board of directors may be filled by the 9 shareholders or the board of directors under RCW 23B.08.100;
- 10 (cc) A corporation shall indemnify a director who was wholly 11 successful in the defense of any proceeding to which the director was 12 a party because the director is or was a director of the corporation 13 against reasonable expenses incurred by the director in connection with 14 the proceeding under RCW 23B.08.520;
- (dd) A director of a corporation who is a party to a proceeding may apply for indemnification of reasonable expenses incurred by the director in connection with the proceeding to the court conducting the proceeding or to another court of competent jurisdiction under RCW 23B.08.540;
- (ee) An officer of the corporation who is not a director is entitled to mandatory indemnification under RCW 23B.08.520, and is entitled to apply for court-ordered indemnification under RCW 23B.08.540, in each case to the same extent as a director under RCW 23B.08.570;
- (ff) The corporation may indemnify and advance expenses to an officer, employee, or agent of the corporation who is not a director to the same extent as to a director under RCW 23B.08.570;
- (gg) A corporation may indemnify and advance expenses to an officer, employee, or agent who is not a director to the extent, consistent with law, that may be provided by its articles of incorporation, bylaws, general or specific action of its board of directors, or contract under RCW 23B.08.570;
- 33 (hh) A corporation's board of directors may adopt certain 34 amendments to the corporation's articles of incorporation without 35 shareholder action under RCW 23B.10.020;
- (ii) Unless this title or the board of directors requires a greater vote or a vote by voting groups, an amendment to the corporation's articles of incorporation must be approved by each voting group entitled to vote on the proposed amendment by two-thirds, or, in the

case of a public company, a majority, of all the votes entitled to be 1 2 cast by that voting group under RCW 23B.10.030;

- 3 (jj) A corporation's board of directors may amend or repeal the 4 corporation's bylaws unless this title reserves this power exclusively to the shareholders in whole or in part, or unless the shareholders in 5 amending or repealing a bylaw provide expressly that the board of 6 directors may not amend or repeal that bylaw under RCW 23B.10.200; 7
- 8 (kk) Unless this title or the board of directors require a greater 9 vote or a vote by voting groups, a plan of merger or share exchange 10 must be approved by each voting group entitled to vote on the merger or 11 share exchange by two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast by that voting group under RCW 23B.11.030; 12
- 13 (11) Approval by the shareholders of the sale, lease, exchange, or other disposition of all, or substantially all, the corporation's 14 15 property in the usual and regular course of business is not required 16 under RCW 23B.12.010;
 - (mm) Approval by the shareholders of the mortgage, pledge, dedication to the repayment of indebtedness, or other encumbrance of any or all of the corporation's property, whether or not in the usual and regular course of business, is not required under RCW 23B.12.010;

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- (nn) Unless the board of directors requires a greater vote or a vote by voting groups, a sale, lease, exchange, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporation's property, other than in the usual and regular course of business, must be approved by each voting group entitled to vote on such transaction by two-thirds of all votes entitled to be cast by that voting group under RCW 23B.12.020; and
- (oo) Unless the board of directors requires a greater vote or a 28 vote by voting groups, a proposal to dissolve must be approved by each 29 30 voting group entitled to vote on the dissolution by two-thirds of all votes entitled to be cast by that voting group under RCW 23B.14.020. 31
- (4) Unless its articles of incorporation or its bylaws provide 32 33 otherwise, a corporation is governed by the following provisions:
- 34 (a) The board of directors may authorize the issuance of some or 35 all of the shares of any or all of the corporation's classes or series without certificates under RCW 23B.06.260; 36
- (b) A corporation that is not a public company shall hold a special meeting of shareholders if the holders of at least ten percent of the 38

p. 17 HB 2301

- votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the meeting demand a meeting under RCW 23B.07.020;
- 3 (c) A director need not be a resident of this state or a 4 shareholder of the corporation under RCW 23B.08.020;
- 5 (d) The board of directors may fix the compensation of directors 6 under RCW 23B.08.110;
- 7 (e) Members of the board of directors may participate in a meeting 8 of the board by any means of similar communication by which all 9 directors participating can hear each other during the meeting under 10 RCW 23B.08.200;
- (f) Action permitted or required by this title to be taken at a board of directors' meeting may be taken without a meeting if action is taken by all members of the board under RCW 23B.08.210;
- (g) Regular meetings of the board of directors may be held without notice of the date, time, place, or purpose of the meeting under RCW 23B.08.220;
- (h) Special meetings of the board of directors must be preceded by at least two days' notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting, and the notice need not describe the purpose of the special meeting under RCW 23B.08.220;
- 21 (i) A quorum of a board of directors consists of a majority of the 22 number of directors under RCW 23B.08.240;
- (j) If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the affirmative vote of a majority of directors present is the act of the board of directors under RCW 23B.08.240;
- 26 (k) A board of directors may create one or more committees and 27 appoint members of the board of directors to serve on them under RCW 28 23B.08.250; and
- (1) Unless approved by the shareholders, a corporation may indemnify, or make advances to, a director for reasonable expenses incurred in the defense of any proceeding to which the director was a party because of being a director only to the extent such action is consistent with RCW 23B.08.500 through 23B.08.580.
- 34 (5) The articles of incorporation may contain the following 35 provisions:
- 36 (a) The names and addresses of the individuals who are to serve as 37 initial directors;
 - (b) The par value of any authorized shares or classes of shares;

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- 1 (c) Provisions not inconsistent with law related to the management 2 of the business and the regulation of the affairs of the corporation;
- 3 (d) Any provision that under this title is required or permitted to 4 be set forth in the bylaws;
- 5 (e) Provisions not inconsistent with law defining, limiting, and 6 regulating the powers of the corporation, its board of directors, and 7 shareholders;
- 8 (f) Provisions authorizing shareholder action to be taken by 9 ((written)) consent of less than all of the shareholders entitled to 10 vote on the action, in accordance with RCW 23B.07.040;
- 11 (g) If the articles of incorporation authorize dividing shares into 12 classes, the election of all or a specified number of directors may be 13 effected by the holders of one or more authorized classes of shares 14 under RCW 23B.08.040;

- (h) The terms of directors may be staggered under RCW 23B.08.060;
- (i) Shares may be redeemable or convertible (i) at the option of the corporation, the shareholder, or another person, or upon the occurrence of a designated event; (ii) for cash, indebtedness, securities, or other property; or (iii) in a designated amount or in an amount determined in accordance with a designated formula or by reference to extrinsic data or events under RCW 23B.06.010; and
- (j) A director's personal liability to the corporation or its 33 shareholders for monetary damages for conduct as a director may be 24 eliminated or limited under RCW 23B.08.320.
- 25 (6) The articles of incorporation or the bylaws may contain the 26 following provisions:
- (a) A restriction on the transfer or registration of transfer of the corporation's shares under RCW 23B.06.270;
- (b) Shareholders may participate in a meeting of shareholders by any means of communication by which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other under RCW 23B.07.080;
- 32 (c) A quorum of the board of directors may consist of as few as 33 one-third of the number of directors under RCW 23B.08.240;
- (d) If the corporation is registered as an investment company under the investment company act of 1940, a provision limiting the requirement to hold an annual meeting of shareholders as provided in RCW 23B.07.010(2); and
- 38 (e) If the corporation is registered as an investment company under 39 the investment company act of 1940, a provision establishing terms of

p. 19 HB 2301

- 1 directors which terms may be longer than one year as provided in RCW
- 2 23B.05.050.

- 3 (7) The articles of incorporation need not set forth any of the 4 corporate powers enumerated in this title.
- 5 **Sec. 11.** RCW 23B.02.050 and 1991 c 72 s 31 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
 - (1) After incorporation:
- 8 (a) If initial directors are named in the articles of 9 incorporation, the initial directors shall hold an organizational
- 10 meeting, at the call of a majority of the directors, to complete the
- 11 organization of the corporation by appointing officers, adopting
- 12 bylaws, and carrying on any other business brought before the meeting;
- 13 (b) If initial directors are not named in the articles, the
- 14 incorporator or incorporators shall hold an organizational meeting at
- 15 the call of a majority of the incorporators:
- 16 (i) To elect directors and complete the organization of the 17 corporation; or
- 18 (ii) To elect a board of directors who shall complete the 19 organization of the corporation.
- 20 (2) Action required or permitted by this title to be taken by
- 21 incorporators at an organizational meeting may be taken without a 22 meeting if the action taken is evidenced by ((one or more written
- 23 consents)) the consent of each of the incorporators in the form of a
- 24 <u>record</u> describing the action taken and ((signed)) <u>executed</u> by each
- 25 incorporator.
- 26 (3) An organizational meeting may be held in or out of this state.
- 27 (4) A corporation's initial report containing the information
- 28 described in RCW 23B.16.220(1) must be delivered to the secretary of
- 29 state within one hundred twenty days of the date on which the
- 30 corporation's articles of incorporation were filed.
- 31 **Sec. 12.** RCW 23B.04.035 and 1998 c 23 s 7 are each amended to read
- 32 as follows:
- 33 For those corporations that have a certificate of authority, are
- 34 applying for, or intend to apply for a certificate of authority from
- 35 the insurance commissioner as an insurance company under chapter 48.05
- 36 RCW, whenever under this chapter corporate ((documents)) records are
- 37 required to be filed with the secretary of state, the ((documents))

- 1 <u>records</u> shall be filed with the insurance commissioner rather than the 2 secretary of state.
- 3 **Sec. 13.** RCW 23B.05.010 and 1989 c 165 s 40 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
 - (1) Each corporation must continuously maintain in this state:
- (a) A registered office that may be the same as any of its places 6 7 of business. The registered office shall be at a specific geographic 8 location in this state, and be identified by number, if any, and 9 street, or building address or rural route, or, if a commonly known street or rural route address does not exist, by legal description. A 10 registered office may not be identified by post office box number or 11 12 other nongeographic address. For purposes of communicating by mail, the secretary of state may permit the use of a post office address ((in 13 14 the same city as the registered office)) in conjunction with the 15 registered office address if the corporation also maintains on file the 16 specific geographic address of the registered office where personal service of process may be made;
 - (b) A registered agent that may be:

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- 19 (i) An individual residing in this state whose business office is 20 identical with the registered office;
- 21 (ii) A domestic corporation or not-for-profit domestic corporation 22 whose business office is identical with the registered office; ((or))
- (iii) A foreign corporation or not-for-profit foreign corporation authorized to conduct affairs in this state whose business office is identical with the registered office:
- 26 <u>(iv) A domestic limited liability company whose business office is</u>
 27 identical with the registered office; or
- 28 <u>(v) A foreign limited liability company authorized to conduct</u>
 29 <u>affairs in this state whose business office is identical with the</u>
 30 <u>registered office</u>.
- (2) A registered agent shall not be appointed without having given 31 prior ((written)) consent in a record to the appointment. 32 ((written)) consent shall be filed with the secretary of state in such 33 34 form as the secretary of state may prescribe. The ((written)) consent shall be filed with or as a part of the ((document)) record first 35 36 appointing a registered agent. In the event any individual ((or)), corporation, or limited liability corporation has been appointed agent 37 without consent, that person ((or)), corporation, or limited liability 38

p. 21 HB 2301

- 1 corporation may file a notarized statement attesting to that fact, and
- 2 the name shall ((forthwith)) immediately be removed from the records of
- 3 the secretary of state.

- 4 **Sec. 14.** RCW 23B.05.020 and 1989 c 165 s 41 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 (1) A corporation may change its registered office or registered 7 agent by delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement of 8 change that sets forth:
 - (a) The name of the corporation;
- 10 (b) If the current registered office is to be changed, the street 11 address of the new registered office in accord with RCW 12 23B.05.010(1)(a);
- (c) If the current registered agent is to be changed, the name of the new registered agent and the new agent's ((written)) consent in a record, either on the statement or attached to it in a manner and form as the secretary of state may prescribe, to the appointment; and
- (d) That after the change or changes are made, the street addresses of its registered office and the business office of its registered agent will be identical.
- (2) If a registered agent changes the street address of the agent's 20 21 business office, the registered agent may change the street address of 22 the registered office of any corporation for which the agent is the 23 registered agent by notifying the corporation ((in writing of the 24 change and signing, either manually or in facsimile,)) of the change 25 either (a) in a written record, or (b) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the notices may be 26 electronically transmitted and the registered agent electronically 27 transmits the notice to the corporation at the designated address, 28 29 location, or system, in an electronically transmitted record and delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement that 30 complies with the requirements of subsection (1) of this section and 31 32 recites that the corporation has been notified of the change.
- 33 **Sec. 15.** RCW 23B.06.030 and 1989 c 165 s 46 are each amended to 34 read as follows:
- 35 (1) A corporation may issue the number of shares of each class or 36 series authorized by the articles of incorporation. Shares that are

- 1 issued are outstanding shares until they are reacquired, redeemed, 2 converted, or canceled.
- 3 (2) The reacquisition, redemption, or conversion of outstanding 4 shares is subject to the limitations of subsection (4) of this section 5 and to RCW 23B.06.400.
- 6 (3) Redeemable shares are deemed to have been redeemed and not entitled to vote after notice of redemption is ((mailed)) delivered to 8 the holders in compliance with RCW 23B.01.410 and a sum sufficient to 9 redeem the shares has been deposited with a bank, trust company, or other financial institution under an irrevocable obligation to pay the holders the redemption price on surrender of the shares.
- 12 (4) At all times that shares of the corporation are outstanding, 13 one or more shares that together have unlimited voting rights and one 14 or more shares that together are entitled to receive the net assets of 15 the corporation upon dissolution must be outstanding.
- 16 **Sec. 16.** RCW 23B.06.260 and 1989 c 165 s 54 are each amended to 17 read as follows:
- 18 (1) Unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws provide 19 otherwise, the board of directors of a corporation may authorize the 20 issue of some or all of the shares of any or all of its classes or 21 series without certificates. The authorization does not affect shares 22 already represented by certificates until they are surrendered to the 23 corporation.
- (2) Within a reasonable time after the issue or transfer of shares without certificates, the corporation shall send the shareholder a ((written statement of)) record containing the information required on certificates by RCW 23B.06.250 (2) and (3), and, if applicable, RCW 23B.06.270.
- 29 **Sec. 17.** RCW 23B.06.300 and 1989 c 165 s 57 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- 31 (1) Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, and
 32 subject to the limitations in subsections (3) and (4) of this section,
 33 the shareholders of a corporation have a preemptive right, granted on
 34 uniform terms and conditions prescribed by the board of directors to
 35 provide a fair and reasonable opportunity to exercise the right, to
 36 acquire proportional amounts of the corporation's unissued shares upon
 37 the decision of the board of directors to issue them.

p. 23 HB 2301

- 1 (2) Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, a 2 shareholder may waive the shareholder's preemptive right. A waiver 3 evidenced by ((a writing)) an executed record is irrevocable even 4 though it is not supported by consideration.
- 5 (3) Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, there 6 is no preemptive right with respect to:
- 7 (a) Shares issued as compensation to directors, officers, agents, 8 or employees of the corporation, or its subsidiaries or affiliates;
- 9 (b) Shares issued to satisfy conversion or option rights created to 10 provide compensation to directors, officers, agents, or employees of 11 the corporation, or its subsidiaries or affiliates;
- 12 (c) Shares issued pursuant to the corporation's initial plan of 13 financing; and
 - (d) Shares sold otherwise than for money.

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- (4) Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise:
- 16 (a) Holders of shares of any class without general voting rights
 17 but with preferential rights to distributions or assets have no
 18 preemptive rights with respect to shares of any class; and
 - (b) Holders of shares of any class with general voting rights but without preferential rights to distributions or assets have no preemptive rights with respect to shares of any class with preferential rights to distributions or assets unless the shares with preferential rights are convertible into or carry a right to subscribe for or acquire shares without preferential rights.
- (5) Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, shares subject to preemptive rights that are not acquired by shareholders may be issued to any person for a period of one year after being offered to shareholders at a consideration set by the board of directors that is not lower than the consideration set for the exercise of preemptive rights. An offer at a lower consideration or after the expiration of one year is subject to the shareholders' preemptive rights.
- 32 (6) For purposes of this section, "shares" includes a security 33 convertible into or carrying a right to subscribe for or acquire 34 shares.
- 35 **Sec. 18.** RCW 23B.07.010 and 1994 c 256 s 28 are each amended to 36 read as follows:
- 37 (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (5) of this section, 38 a corporation shall hold a meeting of shareholders annually for the

- 1 election of directors at a time stated in or fixed in accordance with
 2 the bylaws.
- 3 (2)(a) If the articles of incorporation or the bylaws of a 4 corporation registered as an investment company under the investment 5 company act of 1940 so provide, the corporation is not required to hold 6 an annual meeting of shareholders in any year in which the election of 7 directors is not required by the investment company act of 1940.
- 8 (b) If a corporation is required under (a) of this subsection to 9 hold an annual meeting of shareholders to elect directors, the meeting 10 shall be held no later than one hundred twenty days after the 11 occurrence of the event requiring the meeting.
- (3) Annual shareholders' meetings may be held in or out of this state at the place stated in or fixed in accordance with the bylaws. If no place is stated in or fixed in accordance with the bylaws, annual meetings shall be held at the corporation's principal office.
- 16 (4) The failure to hold an annual meeting at the time stated in or 17 fixed in accordance with a corporation's bylaws does not affect the 18 validity of any corporate action.
- 19 <u>(5) Shareholders may act by consent set forth in a record to elect</u>
 20 <u>directors as permitted by RCW 23B.07.040 in lieu of holding an annual</u>
 21 meeting.
- 22 **Sec. 19.** RCW 23B.07.020 and 1989 c 165 s 61 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

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- (1) A corporation shall hold a special meeting of shareholders:
- 25 (a) On call of its board of directors or the person or persons 26 authorized to do so by the articles of incorporation or bylaws; or
 - (b) Except as set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, if the holders of at least ten percent of all the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the proposed special meeting ((sign, date, and)) deliver to the corporation's secretary one or more ((written)) demands set forth in an executed and dated record for the meeting describing the purpose or purposes for which it is to be held, which demands shall be set forth either (i) in an executed record or (ii) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the demands may be electronically transmitted and the demands are electronically transmitted to that designated address,

location, or system, in an executed electronically transmitted record.

p. 25 HB 2301

- 1 (2) The right of shareholders of a public company to call a special 2 meeting may be limited or denied to the extent provided in the articles 3 of incorporation.
- 4 (3) If the corporation is other than a public company, the articles 5 or bylaws may require the demand specified in subsection (1)(b) of this 6 section be made by a greater percentage, not in excess of twenty-five 7 percent, of all the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to 8 be considered at the proposed special meeting.
- 9 (4) If not otherwise fixed under RCW 23B.07.030 or 23B.07.070, the 10 record date for determining shareholders entitled to demand a special 11 meeting is the date <u>of delivery of</u> the first shareholder ((signs the)) 12 demand <u>in compliance with subsection (1) of this section</u>.
- (5) Special shareholders' meetings may be held in or out of this state at the place stated in or fixed in accordance with the bylaws. If no place is stated or fixed in accordance with the bylaws, special meetings shall be held at the corporation's principal office.
- 17 (6) Only business within the purpose or purposes described in the 18 meeting notice required by RCW 23B.07.050(3) may be conducted at a 19 special shareholders' meeting.
- 20 **Sec. 20.** RCW 23B.07.030 and 1989 c 165 s 62 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- 22 (1) The superior court of the county in which the corporation's 23 registered office is located may, after notice to the corporation, 24 summarily order a meeting to be held:
- 25 (a) On application of any shareholder of the corporation entitled 26 to vote in the election of directors at an annual meeting, if an annual 27 meeting was not held within the earlier of six months after the end of 28 the corporation's fiscal year or fifteen months after its last annual 29 meeting or action by consent in lieu of such a meeting; or
- 30 (b) On application of a shareholder who ((signed)) executed a 31 demand for a special meeting valid under RCW 23B.07.020, if:
- (i) Notice of the special meeting was not given within thirty days after the date the demand was delivered to the corporation's secretary; or
- 35 (ii) The special meeting was not held in accordance with the 36 notice.
- 37 (2) The court may, after notice to the corporation, fix the time 38 and place of the meeting, determine the shares and shareholders

- 1 entitled to participate in the meeting, specify a record date for 2 determining shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the
- 3 meeting, prescribe the manner, form, and content of the meeting notice,
- 4 fix the quorum required for specific matters to be considered at the
- 5 meeting, or direct that the votes represented at the meeting constitute
- 6 a quorum for action on those matters, and enter other orders necessary
- 7 to accomplish the purpose or purposes of the meeting.

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- 8 **Sec. 21.** RCW 23B.07.040 and 1997 c 19 s 2 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 (1)(a) Action required or permitted by this title to be taken at a 11 shareholders' meeting may be taken without a meeting or a vote if 12 either:
- 13 (i) The action is taken by all shareholders entitled to vote on the action; or
- 15 (ii) The action is taken by shareholders holding of record or 16 otherwise entitled to vote in the aggregate not less than the minimum 17 number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such 18 action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote on the action were present and voted, and at the time the action is taken the 19 corporation is not a public company and is authorized to take such 20 action under this subsection (1)(a)(ii) by a general or limited 21 authorization contained in its articles of incorporation. 22
 - (b) The taking of action by shareholders without a meeting or vote must be evidenced by one or more ((written)) consents, each in the form of a record describing the action taken, ((signed)) executed by shareholders holding of record or otherwise entitled to vote in the aggregate not less than the minimum number of votes necessary in order to take such action by ((written)) consent under (a)(i) or (ii) of this subsection, and delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes or filing with the corporate records, which consent shall be set forth either (i) in an executed record or (ii) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the consent may be electronically transmitted and the consent is electronically transmitted to the designated address, location, or system, in an executed electronically transmitted record.
- 36 (2) If not otherwise fixed under RCW 23B.07.030 or 23B.07.070, the 37 record date for determining shareholders entitled to take action 38 without a meeting is the date on which the first shareholder consent is

p. 27 HB 2301

- ((signed)) executed under subsection (1) of this section. 1 ((written)) consent shall bear the date of ((signature)) execution of 2 each shareholder who ((signs)) executes the consent. A ((written)) 3 4 consent is not effective to take the action referred to in the consent 5 unless, within sixty days of the earliest dated consent delivered to the corporation, ((written)) consents ((signed)) executed by a 6 7 sufficient number of shareholders to take action are delivered to the 8 corporation.
- 9 (3) A shareholder may withdraw consent only by delivering a 10 ((written)) notice of withdrawal in the form of a record to the 11 corporation prior to the time when consents sufficient to authorize 12 taking the action have been delivered to the corporation.
 - (4) Unless the ((written)) shareholder consent specifies a later effective date, action taken under this section is effective when: (a) Consents sufficient to authorize taking the action have been delivered to the corporation; and (b) the period of advance notice required by the corporation's articles of incorporation to be given to any nonconsenting shareholders has been satisfied.
 - (5) A consent ((signed)) executed under this section has the effect of a meeting vote and may be described as such in any ((document)) record, except that, if the action requires the filing of a certificate under any other section of this title, the certificate so filed shall state, in lieu of any statement required by that section concerning any vote of shareholders, that ((written)) consent has been obtained in accordance with this section and that ((written)) notice to any nonconsenting shareholders has been given as provided in this section.
 - (6) Notice of the taking of action by shareholders without a meeting by less than unanimous ((written)) consent of all shareholders entitled to vote on the action shall be given, before the date on which the action becomes effective, to those shareholders entitled to vote on the action who have not consented ((in writing)) and, if this title would otherwise require that notice of a meeting of shareholders to consider the action be given to nonvoting shareholders, to all nonvoting shareholders of the corporation. The general or limited authorization in the corporation's articles of incorporation authorizing shareholder action by less than unanimous ((written)) consent shall specify the amount and form of notice required to be given to nonconsenting shareholders before the effective date of the In the case of action of a type that would constitute a action.

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significant business transaction under RCW 23B.19.020(15), the notice shall be given no fewer than twenty days before the effective date of 2 The notice shall be in ((writing)) the form of a record 3 4 and shall contain or be accompanied by the same material that, under this title, would have been required to be ((sent)) delivered to 5 nonconsenting or nonvoting shareholders in a notice of meeting at which 6 7 the proposed action would have been submitted for shareholder action. 8 If the action taken is of a type that would entitle shareholders to 9 exercise dissenters' rights under RCW 23B.13.020(1), then the notice 10 must comply with RCW 23B.13.220(2), RCW 23B.13.210 shall not apply, and all shareholders who have not ((signed)) executed the consent taking 11 the action are entitled to receive the notice, demand payment under RCW 12 13 23B.13.230, and assert other dissenters' rights as prescribed in chapter 23B.13 RCW. 14

15 **Sec. 22.** RCW 23B.07.060 and 1991 c 72 s 34 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

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- (1) A shareholder may waive any notice required by this title, the articles of incorporation, or bylaws before or after the date and time of the meeting that is the subject of such notice, or in the case of notice required by RCW 23B.07.040(6), before or after the action to be taken by ((written)) executed consent is effective. Except as provided by subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the waiver must be ((in writing, be signed by the shareholder entitled to the notice, and be)) delivered by the shareholder entitled to notice to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes or filing with the corporate records, which waiver shall be set forth either (a) in an executed and dated record or (b) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the waiver may be electronically transmitted and the waiver is electronically transmitted to the designated address, location, or system, in an executed and dated electronically transmitted record.
- 31 (2) A shareholder's attendance at a meeting waives objection to 32 lack of notice or defective notice of the meeting, unless the 33 shareholder at the beginning of the meeting objects to holding the 34 meeting or transacting business at the meeting.
- 35 (3) A shareholder waives objection to consideration of a particular 36 matter at a meeting that is not within the purpose or purposes 37 described in the meeting notice, unless the shareholder objects to 38 considering the matter when it is presented.

p. 29 HB 2301

- 1 **Sec. 23.** RCW 23B.07.220 and 2000 c 168 s 2 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) A shareholder may vote the shareholder's shares in person or by 4 proxy.
- 5 (2) A shareholder or the shareholder's agent or attorney-in-fact 6 may appoint a proxy to vote or otherwise act for the shareholder by:

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- (a) Executing a writing authorizing another person or persons to act for the shareholder as proxy. Execution may be accomplished by the shareholder or the shareholder's authorized officer, director, employee, or agent signing the writing or causing his or her signature to be affixed to the writing by any reasonable means including, but not limited to, by facsimile signature; or
- 13 (b) Authorizing another person or persons to act for the shareholder as proxy by transmitting or authorizing the transmission of 14 15 ((an)) a recorded telephone call, voice mail, or other electronic 16 transmission to the person who will be the holder of the proxy or to a 17 proxy solicitation firm, proxy support service organization, or like agent duly authorized by the person who will be the holder of the proxy 18 19 to receive the transmission, provided that the ((electronic)) transmission must either set forth or be submitted with information, 20 including any security or validation controls used, from which it can 21 reasonably be determined that the ((electronic)) transmission was 22 authorized by the shareholder. If it is determined that the 23 24 ((electronic)) transmission is valid, the inspectors of election or, if 25 there are no inspectors, any officer or agent of the corporation making 26 that determination on behalf of the corporation shall specify the information upon which they relied. The corporation shall require the 27 holders of proxies received by ((electronic)) transmission to provide 28 to the corporation copies of the ((electronic)) transmission and the 29 30 corporation shall retain copies of the ((electronic)) transmission for a reasonable period of time after the election provided that they are 31 retained for at least sixty days. 32
 - (3) An appointment of a proxy is effective when a signed appointment form or telegram, cablegram, recorded telephone call, voicemail, or other ((electronic)) transmission of the appointment is received by the inspectors of election or the officer or agent of the corporation authorized to tabulate votes. An appointment is valid for eleven months unless a longer period is expressly provided in the appointment.

- 1 (4) An appointment of a proxy is revocable by the shareholder 2 unless the appointment indicates that it is irrevocable and the 3 appointment is coupled with an interest. Appointments coupled with an 4 interest include the appointment of:
 - (a) A pledgee;

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- (b) A person who purchased or agreed to purchase the shares;
- 7 (c) A creditor of the corporation who extended it credit under 8 terms requiring the appointment;
- 9 (d) An employee of the corporation whose employment contract 10 requires the appointment; or
- 11 (e) A party to a voting agreement created under RCW 23B.07.310.
- 12 (5) The death or incapacity of the shareholder appointing a proxy 13 does not affect the right of the corporation to accept the proxy's 14 authority unless notice of the death or incapacity is received by the 15 officer or agent of the corporation authorized to tabulate votes before 16 the proxy exercises the proxy's authority under the appointment.
- 17 (6) An appointment made irrevocable under subsection (4) of this 18 section is revoked when the interest with which it is coupled is 19 extinguished.
- 20 (7) A transferee for value of shares subject to an irrevocable appointment may revoke the appointment if the transferee did not know of its existence when the transferee acquired the shares and the existence of the irrevocable appointment was not noted conspicuously on the certificate representing the shares or on the information statement for shares without certificates.
- (8) Subject to RCW 23B.07.240 and to any express limitation on the proxy's authority stated in the appointment form or recorded telephone call, voice mail, or other electronic transmission, a corporation is entitled to accept the proxy's vote or other action as that of the shareholder making the appointment.
- 31 (9) For the purposes of this section only, "sign" or "signature" 32 includes any manual, facsimile, conformed, or electronic signature.
- 33 **Sec. 24.** RCW 23B.07.240 and 2000 c 168 s 3 are each amended to 34 read as follows:
- (1) If the name ((signed)) executed on a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment corresponds to the name of a shareholder, the corporation, if acting in good faith, is entitled to accept the vote,

p. 31 HB 2301

- 1 consent, waiver, or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of 2 the shareholder.
- 3 (2) If the name ((signed)) executed on a vote, consent, waiver, or 4 proxy appointment does not correspond to the name of its shareholder, 5 the corporation, if acting in good faith, is nevertheless entitled to 6 accept the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment and give it 7 effect as the act of the shareholder if:
- 8 (a) The shareholder is an entity and the name ((signed)) executed 9 purports to be that of an officer, partner, or agent of the entity;
- (b) The name ((signed)) executed purports to be that of an administrator, executor, guardian, or conservator representing the shareholder and, if the corporation requests, evidence of fiduciary status acceptable to the corporation has been presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment;
- (c) The name ((signed)) executed purports to be that of a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy of the shareholder and, if the corporation requests, evidence of this status acceptable to the corporation has been presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment;
 - (d) The name ((signed)) executed purports to be that of a pledgee, beneficial owner, or attorney-in-fact of the shareholder and, if the corporation requests, evidence acceptable to the corporation of the signatory's authority to sign for the shareholder has been presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment; or
- (e) Two or more persons are the shareholder as cotenants or fiduciaries and the name ((signed)) executed purports to be the name of at least one of the coowners and the person signing appears to be acting on behalf of all the coowners.
- (3) The corporation is entitled to reject a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment if the secretary or other officer or agent authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good faith, has reasonable basis for doubt about the validity of ((the signature on it or about the signatory's authority to sign for the shareholder)) its execution.
 - (4) The corporation and its officer or agent who accepts or rejects a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment in good faith and in accordance with the standards of this section or RCW 23B.07.220(2) are not liable in damages to the shareholder for the consequences of the acceptance or rejection.

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- 1 (5) Corporate action based on the acceptance or rejection of a 2 vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment under this section, or RCW 3 23B.07.220(2) is valid unless a court of competent jurisdiction 4 determines otherwise.
- 5 **Sec. 25.** RCW 23B.08.030 and 1994 c 256 s 29 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 (1) A board of directors must consist of one or more individuals, 8 with the number specified in or fixed in accordance with the articles 9 of incorporation or bylaws.
- 10 (2) Directors are elected at the first annual shareholders' meeting and at each annual meeting thereafter unless (a) their terms are staggered under RCW 23B.08.060, or (b) their terms are otherwise governed by RCW 23B.05.050. Directors also may be elected by consent action under RCW 23.07.040.
- 15 **Sec. 26.** RCW 23B.08.070 and 1989 c 165 s 86 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- 17 (1) A director may resign at any time by delivering ((written)) an 18 executed notice to the board of directors, its chairperson, the 19 president, or the secretary.
- 20 (2) A resignation is effective when the notice is delivered unless 21 the notice specifies a later effective date.
- 22 **Sec. 27.** RCW 23B.08.210 and 1989 c 165 s 92 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
- (1) Unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws provide 24 25 otherwise, action required or permitted by this title to be taken at a board of directors' meeting may be taken without a meeting if the 26 27 action is taken by all members of the board. The action must be evidenced by one or more ((written)) consents describing the action 28 taken, ((signed)) executed by each director either before or after the 29 action taken, and delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the 30 minutes or filing with the corporate records, each of which consents 31 32 shall be set forth either (a) in an executed record or (b) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the 33 consents may be electronically transmitted and the consent is 34 35 electronically transmitted to the designated address, location, or

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p. 33 HB 2301

- 1 (2) Action taken under this section is effective when the last 2 director ((signs)) executes the consent, unless the consent specifies 3 a later effective date.
- 4 (3) A consent ((signed)) under this section has the effect of a meeting vote and may be described as such in any ((document)) record.
- 6 **Sec. 28.** RCW 23B.08.230 and 1989 c 165 s 94 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 (1) A director may waive any notice required by this title, the 9 articles of incorporation, or bylaws before or after the date and time stated in the notice, and such waiver shall be equivalent to the giving 10 11 of such notice. Except as provided by subsection (2) of this section, 12 the waiver must be ((in writing, signed)) delivered by the director entitled to the notice((, and delivered)) to the corporation for 13 14 inclusion in the minutes or filing with the corporate records, which 15 waiver shall be set forth either (a) in an executed record or (b) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which 16 the waiver may be electronically transmitted and the waiver has been 17 18 electronically transmitted to the designated address, location, or system, in an executed electronically transmitted record. 19
- 20 (2) A director's attendance at or participation in a meeting waives 21 any required notice to the director of the meeting unless the director 22 at the beginning of the meeting, or promptly upon the director's 23 arrival, objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the 24 meeting and does not thereafter vote for or assent to action taken at 25 the meeting.
 - Sec. 29. RCW 23B.08.240 and 1991 c 72 s 35 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws require a greater or lesser number, a quorum of a board of directors consists of a majority of the number of directors specified in or fixed in accordance with the articles of incorporation or bylaws.
- 32 (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a quorum of a 33 board of directors may in no event be less than one-third of the number 34 of directors specified in or fixed in accordance with the articles of 35 incorporation or bylaws.
- 36 (3) If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the affirmative 37 vote of a majority of directors present is the act of the board of

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- 1 directors unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws require the 2 vote of a greater number of directors.
- (4) A director who is present at a meeting of the board of 3 4 directors when action is taken is deemed to have assented to the action taken unless: (a) The director objects at the beginning of the 5 meeting, or promptly upon the director's arrival, to holding it or 6 7 transacting business at the meeting; (b) the director's dissent or 8 abstention from the action taken is entered in the minutes of the 9 meeting; or (c) the director delivers ((written)) notice of the 10 director's dissent or abstention to the presiding officer of the meeting before its adjournment or to the corporation within a 11 reasonable time after adjournment of the meeting. The right of dissent 12 13 or abstention is not available to a director who votes in favor of the action taken. 14
- 15 **Sec. 30.** RCW 23B.08.600 and 1989 c 165 s 115 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- If a corporation indemnifies or advances expenses to a director under RCW 23B.08.510, 23B.08.520, 23B.08.530, 23B.08.540, or 23B.08.560 in connection with a proceeding by or in the right of the corporation, the corporation shall report the indemnification or advance in ((writing)) the form of a notice to the shareholders delivered with or before the notice of the next shareholders' meeting.
- 23 **Sec. 31.** RCW 23B.10.012 and 1998 c 23 s 9 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
- For those corporations that have a certificate of authority, are applying for, or intend to apply for a certificate of authority from the insurance commissioner as an insurance company under chapter 48.05 RCW, whenever under this chapter corporate ((documents)) records are required to be filed with the secretary of state, the ((documents)) records shall be filed with the insurance commissioner rather than the
- 30 <u>records</u> shall be liled with the insurance commissioner rather th
- 31 secretary of state.
- 32 **Sec. 32.** RCW 23B.11.040 and 1989 c 165 s 134 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) A parent corporation owning at least ninety percent of the 35 outstanding shares of each class of a subsidiary corporation may merge

p. 35 HB 2301

- 1 the subsidiary into itself without approval of the shareholders of the 2 parent or subsidiary.
- 3 (2) The board of directors of the parent shall adopt a plan of 4 merger that sets forth:
 - (a) The names of the parent and subsidiary; and

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- 6 (b) The manner and basis of converting the shares of the subsidiary 7 into shares, obligations, or other securities of the parent or any 8 other corporation or into cash or other property in whole or part.
- 9 (3) Within ten days after the corporate action is taken, the parent shall ((mail a copy of the plan of merger)) deliver a notice to each shareholder of the subsidiary, which notice shall include a copy of the plan of merger.
- 13 (4) Articles of merger under this section may not contain 14 amendments to the articles of incorporation of the parent corporation, 15 except for amendments enumerated in RCW 23B.10.020.
- 16 **Sec. 33.** RCW 23B.13.030 and 1989 c 165 s 142 are each amended to 17 read as follows:
- 18 (1) A record shareholder may assert dissenters' rights as to fewer 19 than all the shares registered in the shareholder's name only if the shareholder dissents with respect to all shares beneficially owned by 20 any one person and ((notifies)) delivers to the corporation ((in 21 writing)) a notice of the name and address of each person on whose 22 23 behalf the shareholder asserts dissenters' rights. The rights of a partial dissenter under this subsection are determined as if the shares 24 25 as to which the dissenter dissents and the dissenter's other shares were registered in the names of different shareholders. 26
 - (2) A beneficial shareholder may assert dissenters' rights as to shares held on the beneficial shareholder's behalf only if:
- 29 (a) The beneficial shareholder submits to the corporation the 30 record shareholder's ((written)) consent to the dissent not later than the time the beneficial shareholder asserts dissenters' rights, which 31 consent shall be set forth either (i) in a record or (ii) if the 32 33 corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the consent may be electronically transmitted and the consent is 34 electronically transmitted to the designated address, location, or 35 36 system, in an electronically transmitted record; and

- 1 (b) The beneficial shareholder does so with respect to all shares 2 of which such shareholder is the beneficial shareholder or over which 3 such shareholder has power to direct the vote.
- 4 **Sec. 34.** RCW 23B.13.200 and 1989 c 165 s 143 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 (1) If proposed corporate action creating dissenters' rights under
 7 RCW 23B.13.020 is submitted to a vote at a shareholders' meeting, the
 8 meeting notice must state that shareholders are or may be entitled to
 9 assert dissenters' rights under this chapter and be accompanied by a
 10 copy of this chapter.
- 11 (2) If corporate action creating dissenters' rights under RCW 23B.13.020 is taken without a vote of shareholders, the corporation, within ten days after ((\{\frac{the}{}}\)) the effective date of such corporate action, shall ((notify in writing)) deliver a notice to all shareholders entitled to assert dissenters' rights that the action was taken and send them the ((dissenters')) notice described in RCW 23B.13.220.
- 18 **Sec. 35.** RCW 23B.13.210 and 1989 c 165 s 144 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
- (1) If proposed corporate action creating dissenters' rights under RCW 23B.13.020 is submitted to a vote at a shareholders' meeting, a shareholder who wishes to assert dissenters' rights must (a) deliver to the corporation before the vote is taken ((written)) notice of the shareholder's intent to demand payment for the shareholder's shares if the proposed action is effected, and (b) not vote such shares in favor of the proposed action.
- (2) A shareholder who does not satisfy the requirements of subsection (1) of this section is not entitled to payment for the shareholder's shares under this chapter.
- 30 **Sec. 36.** RCW 23B.13.220 and 1989 c 165 s 145 are each amended to 31 read as follows:
- (1) If proposed corporate action creating dissenters' rights under RCW 23B.13.020 is authorized at a shareholders' meeting, the corporation shall deliver a ((written dissenters')) notice to all shareholders who satisfied the requirements of RCW 23B.13.210.

p. 37 HB 2301

- 1 (2) The ((dissenters')) notice must be sent within ten days after 2 the effective date of the corporate action, and must:
- 3 (a) State where the payment demand must be sent and where and when 4 certificates for certificated shares must be deposited;
- 5 (b) Inform holders of uncertificated shares to what extent transfer 6 of the shares will be restricted after the payment demand is received;
 - (c) Supply a form for demanding payment that includes the date of the first announcement to news media or to shareholders of the terms of the proposed corporate action and requires that the person asserting dissenters' rights certify whether or not the person acquired beneficial ownership of the shares before that date;
- (d) Set a date by which the corporation must receive the payment demand, which date may not be fewer than thirty nor more than sixty days after the date the notice in subsection (1) of this section is delivered; and
- 16 (e) Be accompanied by a copy of this chapter.

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- 17 **Sec. 37.** RCW 23B.13.230 and 1989 c 165 s 146 are each amended to 18 read as follows:
- (1) A shareholder sent a ((dissenters')) notice described in RCW 23B.13.220 must demand payment, certify whether the shareholder acquired beneficial ownership of the shares before the date required to 22 be set forth in the ((dissenters')) notice pursuant to RCW 23B.13.220(2)(c), and deposit the shareholder's certificates, all in accordance with the terms of the notice.
- 25 (2) The shareholder who demands payment and deposits the 26 shareholder's share certificates under subsection (1) of this section 27 retains all other rights of a shareholder until the proposed corporate 28 action is effected.
- (3) A shareholder who does not demand payment or deposit the shareholder's share certificates where required, each by the date set in the ((dissenters')) notice, is not entitled to payment for the shareholder's shares under this chapter.
- 33 **Sec. 38.** RCW 23B.13.280 and 1989 c 165 s 151 are each amended to 34 read as follows:
- (1) A dissenter may ((notify)) deliver a notice to the corporation informing the corporation ((in writing)) of the dissenter's own estimate of the fair value of the dissenter's shares and amount of

- 1 interest due, and demand payment of the dissenter's estimate, less any
- 2 payment under RCW 23B.13.250, or reject the corporation's offer under
- 3 RCW 23B.13.270 and demand payment of the dissenter's estimate of the
- 4 fair value of the dissenter's shares and interest due, if:
- 5 (a) The dissenter believes that the amount paid under RCW
- 6 23B.13.250 or offered under RCW 23B.13.270 is less than the fair value
- 7 of the dissenter's shares or that the interest due is incorrectly
- 8 calculated;
- 9 (b) The corporation fails to make payment under RCW 23B.13.250
- 10 within sixty days after the date set for demanding payment; or
- 11 (c) The corporation does not effect the proposed action and does
- 12 not return the deposited certificates or release the transfer
- 13 restrictions imposed on uncertificated shares within sixty days after
- 14 the date set for demanding payment.
- 15 (2) A dissenter waives the right to demand payment under this
- 16 section unless the dissenter notifies the corporation of the
- 17 dissenter's demand ((in writing)) under subsection (1) of this section
- 18 within thirty days after the corporation made or offered payment for
- 19 the dissenter's shares.
- 20 **Sec. 39.** RCW 23B.14.392 and 1998 c 23 s 10 are each amended to
- 21 read as follows:
- 22 For those corporations that have a certificate of authority, are
- 23 applying for, or intend to apply for a certificate of authority from
- 24 the insurance commissioner as an insurance company under chapter 48.05
- 25 RCW, whenever under this chapter corporate ((documents)) records are
- 26 required to be filed with the secretary of state, the ((documents))
- 27 records shall be filed with the insurance commissioner rather than the
- 28 secretary of state.
- 29 **Sec. 40.** RCW 23B.15.032 and 1998 c 23 s 11 are each amended to
- 30 read as follows:
- For those corporations that have a certificate of authority, are
- 32 applying for, or intend to apply for a certificate of authority from
- 33 the insurance commissioner as an insurance company under chapter 48.05
- 34 RCW, whenever under this chapter corporate ((documents)) records are
- 35 required to be filed with the secretary of state, the ((documents))
- 36 <u>records</u> shall be filed with the insurance commissioner rather than the
- 37 secretary of state.

p. 39 HB 2301

- 1 **Sec. 41.** RCW 23B.15.070 and 1989 c 165 s 175 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) Each foreign corporation authorized to transact business in 4 this state must continuously maintain in this state:
- (a) A registered office which may be, but need not be, the same as 5 its place of business in this state. The registered office shall be at 6 7 a specific geographic location in this state, and be identified by 8 number, if any, and street, building address, or rural route, or, if a 9 commonly known street or rural route address does not exist, by legal 10 description. A registered office may not be identified by post office number or other nongeographic address. 11 For purposes of communicating by mail, the secretary of state may permit the use of a 12 13 post office address in the same city as the registered office to be used in conjunction with the registered office address if the 14 15 corporation also maintains on file the specific geographic address of the registered office where personal service of process may be made. 16
 - (b) A registered agent, who may be:

- 18 (i) An individual who resides in this state and whose business 19 office is identical with the registered office;
- 20 (ii) A domestic corporation or not-for-profit domestic corporation 21 whose business office is identical with the registered office; ((or))
- (iii) A foreign corporation or foreign not-for-profit corporation authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in this state whose business office is identical with the registered office:
- 25 <u>(iv) A domestic limited liability company whose business office is</u> 26 identical with the registered office; or
- 27 <u>(v) A foreign limited liability company authorized to conduct</u> 28 <u>affairs in this state whose business office is identical with the</u> 29 <u>registered office</u>.
- 30 (2) A registered agent shall not be appointed without having given prior ((written)) consent in a record to the appointment. 31 ((written)) consent shall be filed with the secretary of state in such 32 form as the secretary of state may prescribe. The ((written)) consent 33 34 shall be filed with or as a part of the ((document)) record first 35 appointing a registered agent. In the event any individual or corporation has been appointed agent without consent, that person or 36 37 corporation may file a notarized statement attesting to that fact, and the name shall forthwith be removed from the records. 38

- 1 **Sec. 42.** RCW 23B.15.080 and 1989 c 165 s 176 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) A foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this 4 state may change its registered office or registered agent by 5 delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement of change 6 that sets forth:
 - (a) Its name;

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- 8 (b) If the current registered office is to be changed, the street 9 address of its new registered office;
- (c) If the current registered agent is to be changed, the name of its new registered agent and the new agent's ((written)) consent, either on the statement or attached to it in the manner and form as the secretary of state may prescribe, to the appointment; and
- (d) That, after the change or changes are made, the street addresses of its registered office and the business office of its registered agent will be identical.
 - (2) If a registered agent changes the street address of the agent's business office, the registered agent may change the street address of the registered office of any foreign corporation for which the agent is the registered agent by notifying the corporation ((in writing of the change and signing, either manually or in facsimile,)) of the change either (a) in a record or (b) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the notices may be electronically transmitted and the registered agent electronically transmits the notice to the corporation at the designated address, location, or system, in an electronically transmitted record, and delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement of change that complies with the requirements of subsection (1) of this section and recites that the corporation has been notified of the change.
- 30 **Sec. 43.** RCW 23B.16.010 and 1991 c 72 s 40 are each amended to 31 read as follows:
- 32 (1) A corporation shall keep as permanent records minutes of all 33 meetings of its shareholders and board of directors, a record of all 34 actions taken by the shareholders or board of directors without a 35 meeting, and a record of all actions taken by a committee of the board 36 of directors exercising the authority of the board of directors on 37 behalf of the corporation.
 - (2) A corporation shall maintain appropriate accounting records.

p. 41 HB 2301

- 1 (3) A corporation or its agent shall maintain a record of its 2 shareholders, in a form that permits preparation of a list of the names 3 and addresses of all shareholders, in alphabetical order by class of 4 shares showing the number and class of shares held by each.
- 5 (4) A corporation shall maintain its records in written form or in 6 another form capable of conversion into written form within a 7 reasonable time.
- 8 (5) A corporation shall keep a copy of the following records at its 9 principal office:
- 10 (a) Its articles or restated articles of incorporation and all 11 amendments to them currently in effect;
- 12 (b) Its bylaws or restated bylaws and all amendments to them 13 currently in effect;
- (c) The minutes of all shareholders' meetings, and records of all action taken by shareholders without a meeting, for the past three years;
- 17 (d) The financial statements described in RCW 23B.16.200(1), for 18 the past three years;
- 19 (e) All ((written)) communications in the form of a record to 20 shareholders generally within the past three years;
- 21 (f) A list of the names and business addresses of its current 22 directors and officers; and
- 23 (g) Its initial report or most recent annual report delivered to 24 the secretary of state under RCW 23B.16.220.
- 25 **Sec. 44.** RCW 23B.16.020 and 1989 c 165 s 183 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
- (1) A shareholder of a corporation is entitled to inspect and copy, during regular business hours at the corporation's principal office, any of the records of the corporation described in RCW 23B.16.010(5) if the shareholder gives the corporation ((written)) notice of the shareholder's demand at least five business days before the date on which the shareholder wishes to inspect and copy.
- 33 (2) A shareholder of a corporation is entitled to inspect and copy, 34 during regular business hours at a reasonable location specified by the 35 corporation, any of the following records of the corporation if the 36 shareholder meets the requirements of subsection (3) of this section 37 and gives the corporation ((written)) notice of the shareholder's

- 1 demand at least five business days before the date on which the 2 shareholder wishes to inspect and copy:
- 3 (a) Excerpts from minutes of any meeting of the board of directors, 4 records of any action of a committee of the board of directors while 5 exercising the authority of the board of directors, minutes of any 6 meeting of the shareholders, and records of action taken by the 7 shareholders or board of directors without a meeting, to the extent not 8 subject to inspection under subsection (1) of this section;
 - (b) Accounting records of the corporation; and
- 10 (c) The record of shareholders.

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- 11 (3) A shareholder may inspect and copy the records described in 12 subsection (2) of this section only if:
- 13 (a) The shareholder's demand is made in good faith and for a proper 14 purpose;
- 15 (b) The shareholder describes with reasonable particularity the 16 shareholder's purpose and the records the shareholder desires to 17 inspect; and
- 18 (c) The records are directly connected with the shareholder's 19 purpose.
- 20 (4) The right of inspection granted by this section may not be 21 abolished or limited by a corporation's articles of incorporation or 22 bylaws.
 - (5) This section does not affect:
- 24 (a) The right of a shareholder to inspect records under RCW 25 23B.07.200 or, if the shareholder is in litigation with the 26 corporation, to the same extent as any other litigant; or
- (b) The power of a court, independently of this title, to compel the production of corporate records for examination.
- 29 (6) For purposes of this section, "shareholder" includes a 30 beneficial owner whose shares are held in a voting trust or by a 31 nominee on the beneficial owner's behalf.
- 32 **Sec. 45.** RCW 23B.16.200 and 1989 c 165 s 186 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- (1) Not later than four months after the close of each fiscal year, and in any event prior to the annual meeting of shareholders, each corporation shall prepare (a) a balance sheet showing in reasonable detail the financial condition of the corporation as of the close of its fiscal year, and (b) an income statement showing the results of its

p. 43 HB 2301

operation during its fiscal year. Such statements may be consolidated 1 2 or combined statements of the corporation and one or more of its subsidiaries, as appropriate. If financial statements are prepared by 3 4 the corporation for any purpose on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles, the annual statements must also be prepared, and 5 disclose that they are prepared, on that basis. 6 If financial 7 statements are prepared only on a basis other than generally accepted 8 accounting principles, they must be prepared, and disclose that they 9 are prepared, on the same basis as other reports and statements

prepared by the corporation for the use of others.

- (2) Upon ((written)) request, the corporation shall promptly 11 ((mail)) <u>deliver</u> to any shareholder a copy of the most recent balance 12 13 sheet and income statement, which request shall be set forth either (a) 14 in a record or (b) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the request may be electronically 15 transmitted and the request is electronically transmitted to the 16 corporation at the designated address, location, or system, in an 17 electronically transmitted record. If prepared for other purposes, the 18 19 corporation shall also furnish upon ((written)) the request a statement 20 of sources and applications of funds, and a statement of changes in shareholders' equity, for the most recent fiscal year. 21
- 22 (3) If the annual financial statements are reported upon by a 23 public accountant, the accountant's report must accompany them. If 24 not, the statements must be accompanied by a statement of the president 25 or the person responsible for the corporation's accounting records:
- 26 (a) Stating the person's reasonable belief whether the statements 27 were prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles 28 and, if not, describing the basis of preparation; and
- 29 (b) Describing any respects in which the statements were not 30 prepared on a basis of accounting consistent with the basis used for 31 statements prepared for the preceding year.
- 32 (4) For purposes of this section, "shareholder" includes a 33 beneficial owner whose shares are held in a voting trust or by a 34 nominee on the beneficial owner's behalf.

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